VI. Financial Information

6.1 Five-Year Financial Summary

6.1.1 Condensed Balance Sheet– Based on IFRS

Unit: NT\$ thousands

	Year	Financia	As of				
Item		2018			2022	03/31/2023 (Note 2)	
Current assets		2,685,387	2,349,068	1,853,009	1,564,809	1,403,263	1,510,651
Property, Plant and Equipment		1,100,949	1,417,742	2,400,773	2,931,883	2,707,740	2,627,350
Intangible assets		683	1,783	2,692	2,788 2,94		2,696
Other assets		10,532	11,038	42,673	22,301 33,25		33,239
Total assets		3,797,551	3,779,631	4,299,147	4,521,781 4,147,20		4,173,936
Current	Before distribution	453,717	467,526	737,732	32 677,763 493,		489,204
liabilities	After distribution	1,135,597	1,049,333	1,483,107	1,229,892	Note 3	Note 3
Non-current liabilities		10,477	14,061	16,783	18,049 99,832		86,736
Total liabilities	Before distribution	464,194	481,587	754,515	695,812	592,977	575,940
	After distribution	1,146,074	1,063,394	1,499,890	9,890 1,247,941 Note 3		Note 3
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent		3,333,357	3,298,044	3,544,632	3,825,969	3,554,225	3,597,996
Capital stock		690,162	690,162	690,162	690,162	690,162	690,162
Capital surplus		573,532	573,532	573,532	573,532 573,53		573,532
Retained earnings	Before distribution	2,069,663	2,034,350	2,280,938	38 2,562,275 2,290		2,334,302
	After distribution	1,387,783	1,452,543	1,535,563	2,010,146	Note 3	Note 3
Other equity interest		0	0	0	0	0	0
Treasury stock		0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-controlling interest		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total ait	Before distribution	3,333,357	3,298,044	3,544,632	3,825,969	3,554,225	3,597,996
Total equity	After distribution	2,651,477	2,716,237	2,799,257	3,273,840	Note 3	Note 3

Note 1: The financial information has been audited by independent auditors. Note 2: The financial information has been review by independent auditors. Note 3: Pending shareholders' approval.

Year	Financia	As of				
Item	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	03/31/2023 (Note 2)
Operating revenue	1,804,308	1,707,626	2,192,650	2,846,304	1,465,282	318,003
Gross profit	1,122,219	1,017,740	1,294,053	1,634,869	532,040	107,132
Net operating income	909,203	793,146	1,044,157	1,299,967	299,288	53,259
Non-operating income and expenses	36,263	12,395	(7,239)	(14,996)	49,541	1,455
Income before tax	945,466	805,541	1,036,918	1,284,971	348,829	54,714
Income from continuing operations	757,739	646,665	829,866	1,026,825	275,353	43,771
Income from discontinued operations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net income	757,739	646,665	829,866	1,026,825	275,353	43,771
Other comprehensive income (income after tax)	277	(98)	(1,471)	(113)	5,032	0
Total comprehensive income	758,016	646,567	828,395	1,026,712	280,385	43,771
Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent	757,739	646,665	828,395	1,026,712	280,385	43,771
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	0	0	0	0	0	0
Comprehensive income attributable to Shareholders of the parent	758,016	646,567	828,395	1,026,712	280,385	43,771
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	0	0	0	0	0	0
Earnings per share	10.98	9.37	12.02	14.88	3.99	0.63

6.1.2 Consolidated Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income – Based on IFRS

Note 1: The financial information has been audited by independent auditors. Note 2: The financial information has been review by independent auditors.

6.1.3 Auditors' Opinions from 2018 to 2022

Year	CPA Name	Reasons for Change CPA	Audit Opinion	
2018	KPMG Wan-Yuan Yu and Chien-Hui Lu	-	Unqualified opinion	
2019	KPMG Mei-Yu Tseng and Wan-Yuan Yu	Administrative adjustment within the accounting firm	Unqualified opinion	
2020	KPMG Mei-Yu Tseng and Wan-Yuan Yu	-	Unqualified opinion	
2021	KPMG Chien-Hui Lu and Mei-Yu Tseng	Administrative adjustment within the accounting firm	Unqualified opinion	
·)(Y)')	KPMG Chien-Hui Lu and Mei-Yu Tseng	-	Unqualified opinion	

Year		Financial Analysis for the Last Five Years(Note 1)					As of 03/31/2023
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	(Note 2)
Financial structure (%)	Debt ratio	12	13	18	15	15	14
	Long-term funds to property, plant and equipment ratio	304	234	148	131	135	140
Solvency (%)	Current ratio	592	502	251	231	258	309
	Quick ratio	559	473	224	181	244	274
	Times interest earned ratio	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Accounts receivable turnover (times)	5.39	5.77	6.84	6.09	3.49	4.76
	Days to collect accounts receivable (day)	68	63	53	60	105	77
	Average inventory turnover (times)	5.69	5.57	6.18	4.92	3.7	4.94
Operating	Accounts payable turnover (times)	15.34	14.34	11.11	16.82	29.68	24.69
performance	Average days to sell inventory	64	66	59	74	99	74
	Property, plant and equipment turnover (times)	1.73	1.36	1.15	1.07	0.52	0.48
	Total assets turnover (times)	0.48	0.45	0.54	0.65	0.34	0.31
	Return on total assets (%)	20	17	21	23	6	4
	Return on equity (%)	23	20	24	28	7	5
Profitability	Income before tax to paid-in capital (%)	137	117	150	186	51	32
	Profit to sales (%)	42	38	38	36	19	13.76
	Earnings per share (NT\$)	10.98	9.37	12.02	14.88	3.99	0.63
Cash flow	Cash flow ratio (%)	197	180	136	147	206	156
	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	111	101	83	71	75	86
	Cash flow reinvestment ratio (%)	3	3	7	4	7	12
everage	Operating leverage	1.23	1.26	1.22	1.29	2.55	3.15
	Financial leverage	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

6.2 Five-Year Financial Analysis- Based on IFRS

Analysis of financial ratio differences for the last two years. (Not required if the difference does not exceed 20%)

1. Current ratio, Quick ratio and Cash flow ratio (%): The increase was mainly due to current liabilities decreased.

2. Accounts receivable turnover (times), Property, plant and equipment turnover (times), Total assets turnover (times), Return on total assets (%), Return on equity (%), Income before tax to paid-in capital (%), Profit to sales (%) and EPS: The decrease was mainly due to payables to revenue and profit after income tax decreased.

3. Days to collect accounts receivable (day): The increase was mainly due to decrease in revenue.

4. Average inventory turnover (times) and Average days to sell inventory: The increase was mainly due to cost of sales decreased.

5. Accounts payable turnover (times): The increase was mainly due to accounts payable decreased.

6. Cash flow reinvestment ratio: The increase was mainly due to cash dividends decreased.

7. Operating leverage: The increase was mainly due to gross profit decreased.

Note 1: The financial information has been audited by independent auditors.

Note 2: The financial information has been review by independent auditors.

Below are calculations

- 1. Financial structure
- (1) Debt ratio = Total Liabilities / Total Assets
- (2) Long-term fund to property, plant and equipment ratio = (Shareholders' Equity + Noncurrent Liabilities) / Net Property, Plant and Equipment
- 2. Solvency
- (1) Current ratio = Current Assets / Current Liabilities
- (2) Quick ratio = (Current Assets Inventories Prepaid Expenses) / Current Liabilities
- (3) Times interest earned ratio = Earnings before Interest and Taxes / Interest Expenses
- 3. Operating performance
- (1) Accounts receivable turnover = Net Revenue/ Average Trade Receivables
- (2) Days to collect accounts receivable = 365 / Average Collection Turnover
- (3) Average inventory turnover = Cost of Sales / Average Inventory
- (4) Accounts payable turnover = 365 / Average Inventory Turnover
- (5) Average days to sell inventory = Cost of Sales / Average Trade Payables
- (6) Property, plant and equipment turnover = Net Revenue / Average Net Property, Plant and Equipment
- (7) Total assets turnover = Net Revenue / Average Total Assets
- 4. Profitability
- (1) Return on total assets = (Net Income + Interest Expenses * (1 Effective Tax Rate)) / Average Total Assets
- (2) Return on equity = Net Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent / Average Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent
- (3) Income before tax to paid-in capital = Operating Income / Paid-in Capital
- (4) Profit to sales = Income before Tax / Paid-in Capital
- (5) Earnings per share = (Net Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent Preferred Stock Dividend) / Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding
- 5. Cash Flow
- (1) Cash flow ratio = Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities / Current Liabilities
- (2) Cash flow adequacy ratio = Five-year Sum of Cash from Operations / Five-year Sum of Capital Expenditures, Inventory Additions, and Cash Dividend
- (3) Cash flow reinvestment ratio = (Cash Provided by Operating Activities Cash Dividends)/ (Gross Property, Plant and Equipment + Long-term Investments + Other Noncurrent Assets + Working Capital)

6. Leverage

- (1) Operating leverage = (Net Revenue Variable Cost) / Income from Operations
- (2) Financial leverage = Income from Operations / (Income from Operations Interest Expenses)

Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2022 business report, financial statements and earnings distribution proposal. The financial statements were audited by independent auditors, Chien-Hui Lu and Mei-Yu Tseng, of KPMG with independent auditors' reports issued.

The above-mentioned business report, financial statements and earnings distribution proposal have been reviewed and determined to be correct and accurate by the Audit Committee members of Advanced Ceramic X Corporation. According to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act, we hereby submit this report.

Advanced Ceramic X Corporation Chairman of the Audit Committee: Shiuh-Kao Chiang February 21, 2023

- 6.4. Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2022, and Independent Auditors' Report: Please refer to pages 68-104 of this annual report.
- 6.5. Parent-company-only Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2022, and Independent Auditors' Report: Please refer to pages 68-104 of this annual report.
- 6.6. If the Company or Its Affiliates Have Experienced Financial Difficulties in the Most Recent Fiscal Year or during the Current Fiscal Year up to the Date of Printing of the Annual Report, the Annual Report Shall Explain How Said Difficulties Will Affect the Company's Financial Situation: None.